NAME
fork - spawn new process

SYNOPSIS

(fork = 2.)
 sys fork
 (new process return)
 (old process return)

fork()

DESCRIPTION

Fork is the only way new processes are created. The new process's core image is a copy of that of the caller of fork. The only distinction is the return location and the fact that r0 in the old (parent) process contains the process ID of the new (child) process. This process ID is used by wait.

The two returning processes share all open files that existed before the call. In particular, this is the way that standard input and output files are passed and also how pipes are set up.

From C, the returned value is 0 in the child process, non-zero in the parent process; however, a return of -1 indicates inability to create a new process.

SEE ALSO

wait (II), exec (II)

DIAGNOSTICS

The error bit (c-bit) is set in the old process if a new process could not be created because of lack of process space. From C, a return of -1 (not just negative) indicates an error.