YACC(I) YACC(I)

NAME

yacc – yet another compiler-compiler

SYNOPSIS

```
yacc [ -vor ] [ grammar ]
```

DESCRIPTION

Yacc converts a context-free grammar into a set of tables for a simple automaton which executes an LR(1) parsing algorithm. The grammar may be ambiguous; specified precedence rules are used to break ambiguities.

The output is *y.tab.c*, which must be compiled by the C compiler and loaded with any other routines required (perhaps a lexical analyzer) and the Yacc library:

```
cc y.tab.c other.o -ly
```

If the $-\mathbf{v}$ flag is given, the file *y.output* is prepared, which contains a description of the parsing tables and a report on conflicts generated by ambiguities in the grammar.

The $-\mathbf{0}$ flag calls an optimizer for the tables; the optimized tables, with parser included, appear on file y.tab.c

The $-\mathbf{r}$ flag causes Yacc to accept grammars with Ratfor actions, and produce Ratfor output on $y.tab.r; -\mathbf{r}$ implies the $-\mathbf{o}$ flag. Typical usage is then

rc y.tab.r other.o

SEE ALSO

"LR Parsing", by A. V. Aho and S. C. Johnson, Computing Surveys, June, 1974. "The YACC Compiler-compiler", internal memorandum.

AUTHOR

S. C. Johnson

FILES

y.output y.tab.c

y.tab.r when ratfor output is obtained yacc.tmp when optimizer is called runtime library for compiler

/usr/yacc/fpar.r ratfor parser

/usr/yacc/opar.c parser for optimized tables /usr/yacc/yopti optimizer postpass

DIAGNOSTICS

The number of reduce-reduce and shift-reduce conflicts is reported on the standard output; a more detailed report is found in the *y.output* file.

BUGS

Because file names are fixed, at most one Yacc process can be active in a given directory at a time.